#### THE EVENING STAR IS PUBLISHED DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAY.) AT THE STAR BUILDINGS,

Southwest corner of Penn'a avenue and 11th street, By W. D. WALLACH.

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#### PROPOSALS.

## I NVITING PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF TWENTY-THREE HUNDRED GOV-ERNMENT MULES.

CUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10, 1855.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 M., WEDNESDAY, August 1, 1855, for the purchase of 2,300 Mules, in lots of fifty and one hundred each, at the places named below, viz:

HARRISBURG, Pa., 6 lots, 50 each.

WILMINGTON, Del., 4 lots, 50 each.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 6 lots, 50 each.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 6 lots, 50 each.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., 4 lots, 50 each.

1 lot, 100 each.

These mules will be put aside, each lot by itself, and will be free for the inspection of bidders at the

places named respectively, for ten days prior to

places named respectively, for ten days prior to August 1.

Many of them were bought in the beginning of the war as young mules, accompanied the armies in all their marches and camps, and are thoroughly broken, hardened by exercise, gentle and familiar from being so long surrounded by the soldiers.

Though sound and serviceable, they are no longer required in the army, and can now be obtained at far less than their true value.

The successful bidders will be notified in person or by telegraph, and required to receive the animals on or before August 3, 1855.

This office reserves to itself the right to reject all bids that may be offered.

Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Proposals for the purchase of Mules."

Payment must be made in Government funds at the time of delivery.

## By order of the Quartermaster General: JAMES A. EKIN, Brevet Brigadier General, in charge, jy 12-17t First Division, Q. M. G. O. DROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASHINGTON, June 14, 1865.

Proposals for furnishing such stationery as may be required by this Department and the Bureaus and offices thereof, during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1866, will be received until 12 o'clock M., of WEDNESDAY, the 26th of July, 1865. Those unaccompanied by satisfactory testimonials of ability to fulfill a contract will not be consid-ered, and contracts will only be awarded to manufacturers of, or dealers in the several classes of ar-ticles.

All articles furnished must be of the best quality

of their kind. Samples of which must accompany each bid. Each proposal must be signed by the individual

or firm making it, and must specify but one price for each article of the class bid for. Articles not named in the schedule, if required, are to be furnished at the lowest market price, and the right is reserved of ordering a greater or less quantity of each article contracted for, as the public service may require.

Bond, with approved security, will be required of the individual or firm to whom the contract may be

Should a contractor refuse or neglect to furnish when required, any article or articles, the same may be purchased in open market, and if a greater price shall be paid therefor than is specified in the contract, the difference may be charged to the contract in his part to the contract.

tractor in his next quarterly account.

The sujoined schedule specifies as nearly as can now be done, the amount, quality and description of the articles likely to be required

The bids will be opened in the presence of any of the bidders who may be present, and will be canvassed separately for each of the classes specified below, and contracts for one or more of the classes awarded as may be deemed most advantageous to awarded, as may be deemed most advantageous to the Department Proposals must be addressed to the Secretary of the Interior, and be endorsed "Proposals for Sta-

1. 150 reams Cap, best quality, white or blue, ruled wide, medium, or close, and trimmed, to weigh not less than 14 lbs., per ream.
2. 50 reams Legal Cap, white or blue, trimmed and puled, per ream.

3. 750 reams Quarto Post, white or blue, ruled, various widths, to weigh not less than 10 lbs.

per ream.

4. 75 reams White Commercial or other Note Paper, highly glazed, hard calendered, lined, and gilt or plain, per ream.

5. 10 reams Flat Cap, white or blue, unruled, per 6. 25 reams Envelope, yellow or buff, royal, per

7. 100 reams large Brown Envelope, 24 by 38 inches, 8. 150 dozen sheets Patent Biotting, 19 by Lancus 9. 10 reams Brown Envelope Paper, 36 by 40 inches, 10. 15 reams Straw Wrapping Paper, 30 by 40, per

11. 50 sheets Drawing Paper, royal or medium, per 12. 100 sheets Tracing Paper, French, large size, per sheet.

13. 100 yards Tracing Cambric, per yard.

14. 12 dozen Press Copy Books, not less than 500 pages, per dozen.

Class No. 1— Franciscos.

Class No. 1—Envelopes.

15. 1,000 muslin-lined, printed to order, 8½ to 9½ by 3½ to 4½ inches, per M.

16. 490,000 Adhesive Envelopes, white, yellow or buff, heavy, 8½ to 9½ by 3½ to 4½ inches, printed to order, per M.

25,000 Adhesive Envelopes, white, heavy, 9½ to 11 by 5 to 6 inches, printed to order, per M.

18. 25,000 Adhesive Envelopes, white or yellow, heavy, letter, 6 by 3½ inches, printed to order, per M.

19. 20,000 adhesive Envelopes, note per M.
Intermediate sizes ordered not to be charged higher than bid for size next larger.

Class No. 2—Pens and Pencils.

1. 25 gross Perry's or Gillet's barrel pens, per

 25 gross Perry's or Gillot's parrel pens, per gross.
 400 gross Perry's, Gillot's or other good metallie Pens, per gross.
 1,000 Quills, No. 80, per M.
 25 dozen Gold pens, with handles or silver cases, best quality, per dozen.
 5 dozen heavy barrel gold Pens, with handles, best quality, per dozen.
 25 dozen ivory or gutta-percha ever-pointed Pencils, large or small, with leads, per dozen.
 200 dozen Faber's, No. 1 to 4, or graduated, per dozen. dozen. 8. 15 cases Faber's Polygrades, graduated, per

9. 30 dozen Faber's Red and Blue Pencils, per Class No. 3—Ink, Inkstands, Wafers and Waz.

1. 10 dozer glass, any patent, large or small, Inkstands, per dozen.

2. 8 dozen cast-iron double or single Inkstands, per

3. 150 dozen Maynard and Noyes' Ink, or any other American copying ink or fluid in market, quarts, per dozen. 4. 25 dozen Arnold's Writing Fluid, quarts, per 5. 25 dozen Copying Ink, quarts, Arnold's, per

6. 5 dozen best Blue Ink, quarts, per dozen. 7. 20 dozen David's Carmine Ink, ounce, No 1, per 8. 2 M Seal Wafers, best quality, red, No. 3, for of-fice seal, per M. 9. 5 pounds best Red Wafers, common size, per 10. 50 pounds best extra super scarlet Sealing Wax,

per pound. CLASS No. 4.—Cutlery and Miscellaneous Articles.

1. 35 dozen Rogers' Knives, four blades, buck or
pearl handle, per dozen.

2. 25 dozen Rogers' ivory-handle Erasers, per 3. 10 dozen office Shears, or Scissors, extra, per

dozen.
4. 100 dozen Silk Taste, in hanks, per dozen.
5. 200 dozen Red Tape, assorted, per dozen.
6. 200 dozen German Tape, No. 32. red, per dozen.
7. 15 dozen Paper Weights, assorted, per dozen.
8. 30 pounds prepared India Rubber, per pound.
9. 10 pounds Pounce, per pound.
10. 50 pounds Linen Twine, per pound.
11. 50 pounds best Cotton Twine, per pound.
12. 9 dozen Mahogany Rulers, round or flat, 30 inches long, per dozen.
13. 15 dozen India Rubber Rulers, round or flat, Goodyear's patent. 30 inches long, per dozen.

Goodyear's patent, 30 inches long, per dozen.

14. 20 pounds best quality Sponge, per pound.

15. 20 pounds Gum Arabic, per pound.

16. 30 dozen Mucilage, large size glass jars, with brush and metallic top, per dozen.

17. 30 dozen Mucilage, pints, without brush or top, per dozen.

per dozen.

18. 120 dozen Pen Holders, assorted, per dozen.

19. 20 dozen strong nine-inch Ivery Folders, per

CLASS No. 5-Parchment and Parchment Paper.
1. 500 sheets of Parchment, best quality, 16 by 22 inches, per sheet. 2. 100 sheets of Parchment, best quality, 28 by 32

inches, per sheet.

2. 2,500 sheets of Parchment Paper, best quality, 10 by 16 inches, per sheet.

4. 250 sheets of Parchment Paper, best quality, 15 by 20 inches, per sheet.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits which unfit them for business, pleasure, or the duties of married life; also middle aged or old men, who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one should first read "THE SECRET FRIEND." Married Ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "The Secret Friend."

Sent to any address, in a scaled envelope on re-ceipt of Twenty-five cents. Address DE. CHAS. A. STEWART & CO., dec 14 by Boston, Mass. MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR ARE regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BU-

# I COND FOUND. I COND

VOL. XXVI.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1865.

#### AMUSEMENTS.

CANTERBURY HALL, HUSIC CANTERBURY HALL HALL HALL THEATRE CANTERBURY HALL THEATRE

LOUISIANA AVENUE, NEAR SIXTH STREET, Rear of National and Metropolitan Hotels. ... Proprietor. GEORGE LEA..... Also, of the Varieties, New York, and Canterbury Alexandria, Va.

OSH HART .... .Stage Managet

Well calculated to

By request, Mulligan's Great Masterpiece of the

ASKED BALL. ASKED BALL. ASKED BALL. JOHN MULLIGAN

THE DOORKEEPER.

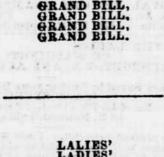
BILLY EMERSON BILLY EMERSON BILLY EMERSON

AND THE GREAT CANTERBURY TROUPE in a VARIETY OF NEW ACTS.

MISS JENNIE JOHNSON.

MISS FANNIE THOMPSON, MISS EMMA MARSH. MISS ANNIE ELDRIDGE, MISS MILLIE ISABELLA, In their Terpsicherian Efforts.

THE I some new Gymnastic Features.





AT CHEAP PRICES. Ladies, 25 cents ......Children, 15 cents

FRIDAY, JULY 21; 1865, AFTERNOON AND NIGHT JOINT BENEFIT

CHARLEY KANE AND G. W. BURGESS, On which occasion a fine bill will be presented.

#### AMUSEMENTS.

GROVER'S NEW THEATER, Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.

MOST PERFECT SUMMER THEATRE IN
THE COUNTRY,
Thoroughly ventilated on scientific principles.
A BEAUTIFUL FOUNTAIN BORDERED BY
FLOWERS, in the centre of the Auditorium.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, JULY 21,
FIRST TIME OF THAT
MOST EXQUISITE OF DOMESTIC DRAMAS, in two acts entitled THE CHIMNEY CORNER,

To conclude with the Roaring Farce entitled

A DEAD SHOT.

MATINEE OF THE CHIMNEY CORNER
TO MORROW (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON,

at Thirty Cents Admission. OXFORD! OXFORD! OXFORD. MUSIC HALL AND THEATER, Ninth street, fronting on Pennsylvania avenue.

Second week of the great Vocalist, MAUDE STANLY. Second week of

J. M. MORTIMER.

WALTER WENTWORTH. The unrivalled Gymast Together with M'LLE ROLETTE, MRS. ANTONIO. HARRY RAYNOR, C. McMULLAN,

J. C. GRANKLIN, MASTER BARRY. And a Grand Corps de Ballet, consisting of TWELVE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG LADIES FRIDAY NEXT, Benefit of HARRY RAYNOR.

MATINEE EVERY WEDNESDAY, 15 and 25 Cents.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

PINEY POINT PAVILLION,
SALT WATER BATHING.
This favorite resort will be open on the list of July. The Steamers Columbia and Express will leave Washington for the Point every Wednesday morning at 6 a. m. and the Steamer Vanderbilt every Saturday morning at 6 a. m. WM. MITCHELL.

CARLISLE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
PENNSYLVANIA.
This fashionable and delightfal summer
resort is now open to the reception of visitors. For terms apply to
W. N. WOODS,
je 20-eolm\*
Proprietor.

### DENTISTRY.

#### GREAT DISCOVERY IN DENTISTRY. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

I would advise all persons having teeth to extract to call at DR. LEWIE'S office, and have them taken out without pain.

Also, call and examine the Doctor's new and im-Also, call and examine the Doctor's new and improved method of inserting ARTIFICIAL TEETH. If you once see the great improvement in his teeth, you will have them in no other style than this new and valuable one. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver and Rubber Plates at the old price, as we have not advanced the price on our work since the great change in gold. No. 242 Penn's avenue, between 12th and 13th S. R. LEWIE, M. D., Dentist.

P. W. LATHAM, Attorney-at-Law. JOHN S. BERRY LATHAM & BERRY,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, AND AGENTS FOR THE COLLECTION OF OLLIMS Cutpeper Cours House, Va., Have for sale several fine Farms in that neighborhood from 160 acres and upwards. Application for terms, &c., can be made by letter to us or to T. J. D. FULLER, corner of 15th street and New York av., Washington, D. C. jy 6-eolm\*

JAS. T. CLOSE, F. E. CORBETT. W. A. MONROR, Late Col. 16th Va. Vols. of N. Y. Late War Dep't. CLOSE, CORBETT & MONROE,

CLAIM, PATENT, REAL ESTATE, AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS. CLAIMS of all kinds, against the United States Government or individuals, collected.

Ordnance, Quartermasters', and all Government Accounts, promptly made up and attested. MONEY loaned and advanced on Claims. Especial attention given to PATENT CASES. PATENT CASES promptly attended to.

REAL ESTATE bought and sold. Houses and Farms for sale or rent in Washington, D. C., Alex-andria, Va., and surrounding country. POLICIES granted on LIFE, FIRE and MARINE RISKS, in some of the oldest and most responsible Insurance Companies.

OFFICE, 227 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Opposite Willard's Hotel je 22 1m\* WASHINGTON, D. C. BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.
I respectfully invite the attention of Hotel and Restaurant Keepers, Grocers, Merchants, and the trade generally to the Superior Quality of BOTTLED ALE and PORTER which I am now offering for sale.

These liquors are believed to be equal to the imported articles, and can be sold at a much lower Goods delivered to all parts of Washington and Georgetown FRER OF CHARGE.
Private families will also be supplied upon short

For further information, apply to, or address
RILEY A. SHINN,
Union Bottling Depot,
Georgetown, D. C. FINE OIL PAINTINGS. Landscape and Cattle, a Rist-class work of art by Storkenbecker, of Holland, favorite pupil of the late Troyon. Scene near Wheeling, Va., a very effective picture, by Sontag. Also, a little gem, the Opera Box, by Constant Mayer, author of the great painting of Consolation. Also a few choice Engravings' and a large and choice selection of Oval Picture Frames, Picture Cord and Tassels, Nails, Rings, &C., at

MARKRITER'S.

MARKRITER'S.
No. 4867th street, 8 doors above
Odd Fellows' Hall Terms cash.

P. BOYER & BURNSTINE, O LICENSED PAWNBROKERS. O 475 13TH STREET, Second door from Pennsylvania avenue, south side

LIBERAL ADVANCES made en WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOTHING, &c. JEROME'S HAIR COLOR RESTORER FOR retaining and gradually bringing back the Hair te its original color, without the inconvenience attending the use of a dye. Sold by all druggists at 75 cents per bottle.

RENFORD'S MEDICATED GINGER BREAD NUTS, for worms, unrivaled in efficacy, and peculiarly adapted for children, being eaten as an ordinary cake For sale by druggists. Price 25 cents per box. jan 19-eoly

A TWOOD'S PATENT DRILLING MACHINE,

PILE DRIVER, HYDAULIC SAND PUMP.

Practical tests having fully demonstrated the superiority of this machine over all others for the purpose of sinking Oil Wells, the undersigned is now prepared to receive orders for the same.

This machinery comprises everything requisite for the boring of oil wells excepting the STEAM ENGINE AND CAST IRON DRIVING PIPE, (but will be furnished, if desired, at a reasonable price.) and dispenses with the use of the derrick rope, bull-wheel and other cumbrons and expensive fixtures now in use, and is so arranged, being constructed on wheels and portable, that it can be easily removed for the purpose of sinking wells in different localities.

The detritus is removed from the well by our patent hydraulic process, and does not require the removal of the drill from the boring. This process not only removes all the detritus in from 5 to 10 minutes, but likewise effectually clears out and opens all the small cil veins that are so often entirely closed up by the old process of sand pumping.

With this machine and a practical angineer, a well can be sunk from 400 to 600 feet within a period of from 15 to 30 days after the soil pipe has been driven.

Arrangements are being made for the construction and delivery of these machines at New York, Nor-

arrangements are being made for the construction and delivery of these machines at New York, Norwich, Newburg, N. Y., and Pittsburg, Pa. For further information, price, terms, &c., address SIMEON LELAND, Metropolitan Hotel, New York.

# SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS ON THE BATTLE.

It is satisfactory to know that our field hospitals are no longer unsupplied with this life-saving preparation. Soldiers who, as private citizens, had become acquainted with its properties, have in many instances made a special request that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS might be added to the medical stores of their regiments, and their wishes have not been unheeded. As a means of sustaining wounded men on the battlefield, and of enabling troops to bear fatiguing marches under a blazing sun, it has been strennously recommended by distinguished medical men, and the prospect is that it will eventually supercede all the adulterated tinctures, liquors and dangerous Tonics that have heretofore been considered medicinal staples. The fact that a small quantity of the Bitters mixed with water from any of the Southern or Southwestern rivers will prevent it from affecting the bowels or the liver, should be borne in mind by Army Physicians, soldiers, and all who have occasion to visit those portions of our country. The man who uses HOSTETTER'S BITTERS in conformity with the directions, may set at defiance Intermittent Fever and all other diseases generated by the action of an unwholesome atmosphere upon an overtaxed jy 21-2w

"Fail! in the Lexicon of Youth Which Fate reserves to a bright Manhood There's no such word as FAIL!"

And in the history of Dyspeptic Man there need be no gloomy future full of hypochondriacal fears, for one draught of the wonderful appetizer and healer, PLANTATION BITTERS, will scatter the dark clouds of Despondency and bid Hope "tell her flattering tale" again. For Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heaviness, Languor, Headache and Low Spirits, this is the only remedy. If you are suffering from Dyspepsia or any of its attendant evils, use Plantation Bitters, and you will find there is "no such word as fail."

CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR Will restore Gray Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR; strengthens and promotes the growth of the weakest hair; stops its falling out in three days; keeps the head clean, cool and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; THE BEST HAIR-DEESS-ING EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC; it is recommended and used by the first medical authority. Sold at the drug stores and at my office, No. 1.123 Broadway, New York. I assure all persons the above preparation will do

oll that is claimed for it. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

WHY NOT USE THE BEST?

Over twenty years' increasing demand has estab lished the fact that MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best in the world. It is the cheapest, the most reliable, and most convenient. Complete in one bottle. Does not require any previous preparation of the hair. No trouble. No crock or stain. Does not rub off or make the hair appear dusty and dead, but imparts to it new life and lustre. Produces a beautiful black or brown, as preferred. A child can apply it. Always gives satisfaction. Only 75 cents per bottle. Sold every-

A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer, N. Y. DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale my 16-eodly

STOP THAT SCRATCHING, And use WHEATON'S ITCH OINTMENT. It cures Itch and Salt Rheum in 48 hours; also cures Chillblains, Ulcers, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Sold by all Druggists.

J. D. GILMAN, mar 23-1y

350 Pennsylvania avenue.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated Toiler Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

New styles Superb Stock of Dress, Sack, and Walking Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, and Boys' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

We are now prepared to exhibit our stock of Men's and Boys' Ready-made Ciothing, which, for elegance of style, variety and excellence of frabric and faithfulness of manufacture, has not been surpassed by any stock heretofore offered in this market.

Those in search of Clothing for Gentlemen's and Youths' wear are invited to call and examine our stock. We can say with assurance they will find the right article on the most reasonable terms.

Also, an extensive assortment of Gentlemen's the right article on the most reasonable terms.

Also, an extensive assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, comprising everything necessary for a complete outfit.

NOAH WALKER & CO., 368 Pa. av., oc 10-8m\*

Metropolitan Hotel Building,

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COM-PLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S HIGH-LY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples,

and all eruptions of the skin. TO PURIFY, ENRICH THE BLOOD, BEAUTIFY the complexion, use HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARIL-

LA. One bottle equals in strength one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction. THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, new and reliable treatment for diseases of the Urinary and Sexual systems—Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Associa-tion, Philadelphia, Pa. mh 31-6m

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORDERS that afflict mankind arise from corruptions of the blood HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

m 25-6m

SECRET DISEASES. SAMARITAN'S GIFT is the most certain, safe and effectual remedy—indeed, the only vegetable remedy ever discovered. Cures in two to four days, and recent cases in twenty-four hours. No mineral, no balsam, no mercury. Only ten pills to be taken. It is the soldier's hope, and a friend to those who do not want to be exposed. Male packages, \$2; female, \$3.

Male, \$3.

SAMARITAN'S ROOT AND HERB JUICES—A positive and permanent cure for Syphilis, Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Spots, Tetters, &c. Price \$1, or six bottles for \$5. Sold by S. C. Ford. See advertisement. m5 FURNITURE!! FURNITURE!!!

Housekeepers and others about re-furnishing will find it greatly to their advantage to call at the Southeast corner 9th and D streets, where will be I did not seek found at all times a large and handsome assortment of CABINET FURNITURE, and at prices that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

jy 14-cost

JOHN. Q. WILLSON,

ORANGE COUNTY AND DELAWARE ICE CREAM.

Messrs. SIGSTON & COFLIN, successors to J. Fussell, corner 13th and F sts., Washington, D. C., continue to furnish their favorite ICE CREAMS, made from Orange Connty and Delaware Cream. This house is the oldest in the city that has supplied Creams manufactured from Orange County cream. A convenient Ice Cream Pavilion open daily in connection with our establishment.

jezo-Tu&Fim\* SIGSTON & COFLIN.

WM. E. HOOPER & SONS, MANUFACTURERS TWINES AND NETTING,

Dealers in articles used by
FISHERMEN.

Office corner of Pratt and South streets, Baltimore, Md.

17-3m

SALT HAY, AN EXCELLENT FEED FOR MULES. Can be delivered at a low figure in Washington

City. Address

jy 6-2w

A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

A Those who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify and enrich the blood, which HELM-BOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSA-PARILLA invariably does. Recollect it is no patent medicine. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no othmar 25-6m cer. I no tue earlier terrocks and so relea mar 35-6m

EUGENE M'DONNELL, 72 North st., Baltimore.

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THE CONSPIRACY CASE. A Letter from General Hardie-His Interview with Father Walter-The "Pass" Mystification Explained.

Nº. 3,863.

WAR DEPARTMENT, July 20, 1865. To D. H. Craig, General Agent of Associated Press Sin: Referring to the special dispatch to the New York Tribune, from Washington, of the 16th instant, published in the issue of that jour-

nal of the 17th, relating to the circumstances attending the issue of a pass to the Rev. Mr. Walter to attend Mrs. Surratt, I beg to state that the facts in the case are as follows: On the 6th instant the Rev. Mr. Walter called at the War Department and asked for a pass to visit Mrs. Surratt in the military prison, saying, if I am not mistaken, that she had expressed a desire to see him. I submitted the request to the Secretary of War, who at once said that a pass might be given. Neither the Rev. Mr. Walter nor myself then knew of the approval of the sentence of the Military Commission in the case of Mrs. Surratt. I sent Mr. Walter a pass, but afterwards, fearing that the pass signed by myself might not, under the circumstances, be accepted by the officer in charge of the prison, in order that there might not be no possibility of disappointment in the admission of a clergyman to afford the necessary spiritual services, I sent Mr. Barry, a clerk in my office, to see the Rev. Mr. Walter, to tell him that it would be better for him not to go on the pass I sent, but that I would again see the Secretary of War, and, as he had assented to the visit of the clergyman to the prisoner, would get a pass signed by himself, as otherwise there was a possibility of his being put to the trouble of going to the prison without being enabled to secure admission. It was also a part of my design that Mr. Barry should impress upon Rev. Mr. Walter the necessity of good faith in the use of the pass when replaced.

After thus sending Mr. Barry to Father Walter, I went to the Secretary of War and asked his own signature to a pass, as referred to above. Upon his signing which I said to him that I was confident the pass would be used solely for the purpose for which it was askeda professional visit, to administer the sacraments, and to prepare the person to be visited for death. Upon Mr. Barry's (my messenger to Rev. Mr. Walter) return he informed me of the violent and excited language of Father Walter with regard to the trial and its result, which he (Mr. Walter), it appears, had heard after leaving the War Department.

On this I went myself to see the Rev. Mr.
Walter, to caution him as his well-wisher, and

as a friend of the church, and in my private capacity entirely. with regard to the use of language so inflammatory as that he had indulged in at this, a time of great public excitement. I introduced the conversation by stating that what he had said had made an impression npon the mind of my messenger, who had re-peated his remarks to me. I explained to him, as I have said above, that there might be a possibility of his not getting into the prison upon my pass, and that I had therefore asked the Secretary of War for a pass signed by himself, upon giving which I had said that I was confident that it would not be used for any other purpose than that for which it was asked, and I wanted him, Mr. Walter, to be so governed as that I would be safe in the assertion I had

made. Mr. Walter had displayed so much excitement and temper that it was a duty of charity on my part, in view of all the circumstances, to endeavor to induce him to pursue a more discreet course, and to counsel him to be silent, as became his place on these topics. I asked him in a friendly and kindly way to promise me that he would desist from talking about this matter. Mr. Walter's conviction as to the the innocence of the prisoner, or the use of any proper efforts believing her to be innocent to avert her execution, were not made matters of objection. It was to the inflammatory character and effect of his observations at this period when the public mind was agitated that my attention was directed. Unnecessary, idle and angry discussions and harangues could not but be mischievous just at this moment, and since it appeared that Mr. Walter could not approach the subject with temper and dis-

retion, it was better he should let it alone. This was a confidential conversation between myself and Mr. Walter; as has been seen, the visit was not at all official, but entirely that of a private individual. My motives were lauda-ble. They were to restrain imprudent and mis-chievous discussions, and to insure the use of the pass to be given in the faith intended when it was signed, and then to make my assurance good. The visit was not suggested by the Secretary of War, or even known to him until the

On this point, after what I had said, I do not see how Mr. Walter could have understood me as prompted by instructions in my conversation. In replying to me, the Rev. Mr. Walter was very violent, and generally denunciatory. The range of his conversation was quite wide. He harangued upon the Administration and the rebellion, and dwelt with bitterness upon what he called military tyrrany, &c. He said proba-bly all he is represented in the fourth para-graph of the article in question as having said, and very much more than a prudent priest, a

loyal citizen, or a man of common sense would not have said. During all this time I was endeavoring to counsel moderation, remonstrating against his expressions, and enjoining prudence. I do not know that I sought to patronize the Rev. Mr. Walter at all, and the phrases which allude to this and the indignant rejoinder of Father W. do not bring to my mind the recollection of the

scene described. I did not tell Father Walter that he should not have a pass if he did not promise to say nothing of Mrs. Surratt's innocence. An-noyed by what he had said, I was about, however, to leave the room, and to defer giving him the pass, remarking, "I will send you word as to the pass in two hours;" when he

said, "I promise." I intended within the two hours to see the Secretary of War and say to him that I was convinced after what had taken place, that Father Walter was not in the proper disposition and frame of mind to be a suitable re-ligious attendant upon the prisoner, and that under the circumstances the services of another priest should be procured for her instead, when Mr. Walter said that he promised. Satisfied that he had determined to be governed by the considerations of prudence I had suggested, and believing that he would perform what he had undertaken, I gave him the pass. Nor did I when I designed to withdraw from Father W. without giving him the pass, by any means intend that this act should have the effect to deprive the prisoner of the services of the clergy. My view on the contrary was that some other priest should go In fact another priest did go besides Mr. Walter.

It has been my fortune to be the means of sending the clergy to attend many during this war in need of their services, and I never threw a straw in the way of any clergyman, of any faith, visiting a penitent, loyal or disloyal, living or dying, when his services were called for. I could not see or know of a person of my own creed dying without giving any assistance in my power to secure the attendance of a

With regard to the denial of passes to Mr. Walter to visit the prisoner when ill, referred to in the last paragraph of the article in ques-tion, Father W. stated to my messenger that he had been requested by Mrs. Surratt, shortly after she was arrested, and since, to visit her, but that he had refused to do so, not wishing to have his "name connected with it until the I did not seek to meddle with Mr. Walter's

convictions as to the innocence of Mrs. Surratt. nor did I attempt to restrain him from the use of any proper efforts to bring his convictions to notice in quarters where his representations might be of avail. So far from this, an hour or two after the conversation referred, when he called upon me at the War Department and told me that he could not get admittance, with the me that he could not get admittance, with the daughter of the prisoner, to the Executive Mansion, and asked for my assistance, I gave him accard to the Acting Military Secretary of the President, asking that gentleman to see the Rev. Mr. W., trusting this means would assist him in getting the case before the Executive.

In conclusion, I distinctly aver that the Secretary of War expressly and readily assented to the visit of a Catholic clergyman to Mrs. Surratt. He made no condition as to any conviction of the clergyman as to the guilt or innoratt. He made no condition as to any conviction of the clergyman as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, or as to anything he might say on the subject.

JAS. A. HARDIE, Inspector General and Bt. Brig. Gen., U. S. A.

A letter from Newbern, North Carolina, says that a considerable number of young men whose regiments are about being mustered out—such as the 47th and 48th New, York and 97th Pennsylvania Zonaves—have made up their minds to stay in the country. There are too many eligible openings to be resisted. They are fast marrying the disconsolate young ladies and widows, and settling down for life upon the vacant tarms which on every hand invite the vacant tarms which on every hand invite their labor and enterprise. TEN S'G #08 MARKET SAY MAN

CONDUCT OF THE WAR. The Massacre of the Cheyenne Indians -- Charges against Celonel Chivington Sus-

There appeared in the newspapers of the country last winter an account of the massacre, by United States troops, of a village of Gney-enne Indians, near Fort Lyon, in Colorado Territory. Congress took the matter in hand, and instructed the Committee on the Conduct of the War to inquire into and report all the facts. Their report is just published, and from it we get the following particulars, which seem to confirm the worst accounts published at the In the summer of 1861 Governor Evans, of

Colorado Territory, as Acting Superintendent of Indian Affairs, sent notice to all the friendly Indians within his jurisdiction, advising them to repair to the nearest military post, so that they would be safe from the soldiers who were to take the field against the hostile Indians. Near the close of summer some Chevenne Indians near Fort Lyon voluntarily delivered to Major Wynkoop, commanding the fort, some white captives whom they had purchased of other Indians. At the same time several chiefs of the friendly Indians, by invitation of Major Wynkoop, visited Denver with him for the purpose of conferring with the authorities there in regard to keeping peace. At the conference the chiefs stated that hey were friendly to the whites, and always had been, and that they desired peace. By advice of Governor Evans and Colonel Chivington they went to Fort Lyon, where they were treated somewnat. as prisoners, receiving rations and being conned within certain bounds. Major Anthony relieved Major Wynkoop in command of Fort Lyon, and very soon seased.

issuing rations to them. They were told they

had better go were they could gain subsistence

by hunting. Their arms were given them, and, on the suggestion of Major Anthony, they went to a point on Sand Creek, about 35 miles from Fort Lyon. While the Indians were thus resting in fancied security, and some of them under pay from Government as scouts, Colone 1 Chivington, with seven hundred mounted men. and two pieces of artillery, appeared at Fort Lyon, was there joined by an additional force of one hundred and twenty-five men with five pieces of artillery, and concealing carefully his purpose, marched on the camp of the Indians. There were in this camp one hundred lodges of Cheyennes, under Black Kettle, and eight or ten lodges of Arapahoes, under Left Hand. It is estimated that each lodge contained five persons, and that half or more of them were women and children. The Indians made frier dly signs upon the approach of the troops, but they were disregarded. "Then," we quote here from the committee's report, "the scene of murder and barbarity here began—men, women and children were indiscriminately slaughtered. In a few minutes all the Indians were flying over the plain in terror and con-fusion. A few who endeavored to hide themselves under the bank of the creek were surrounded and shot down in cold blood, offering but feeble resistance. From the sucking babe to the old warrior, all who were overtaken were deliberately murdered. Not content with killing women and children, who were incapable of offering any resistance, the soldiers indulged in acts of barbarity of the most revolting character." This continued more than two hours, the officers making no efforts to restrain the savage cruelty of their men. Over one hundred bodies, chiefly of women and children, were left on the field. The committee is particularly severe in its remarks upon Governor Evans and Colonel Chivington, concluding their report with the following recommendation: "Your committee are of opinion that for the purpose of vindicating the cause of justice and upholding the honor of the nation, prompt and energetic measures should be at once taken to remove from office those who have thus disgraced the Government by whom they are employed, and to punish, as their crimes deserve, those who have been guilty of these brutal and cowardly acts."

Baltimore Markets, July 20th. Coffee .- Small sales of Rio reported at 20a22 ents, gold, according to quality.
Flour.—Supply of choice brands light and demand fair, but market very heavy for infe-

Rye Flour.—First quality dull at \$5.12%.
Corn Meal.—Sales of City Mills at \$5.12%.
Grain.—Market dull. Sales prime red wheat at \$1.70a\$1.95; do. white, \$2.10. Corn at 98c.a\$2 for white, and yellow do. 90a96 cents. Oats at

60a65 cents, weight.

Molasses.—Quotations nominal, viz: Clayed Cuba, 40a42 cents; Muscovado do., in hhds., 45a50 cents; English Island, 45a70 cents, and Porto Rico, 50a75 cents. Provisions .- Market active. Bacon Shoulders, 182 cents; Sides, 17a194 cents; Sugar-cured Hams, 284a31 cents. New prime mess pork sold at \$31a\$32, and closed steady. West-

timore refined at 25 cents. Salt .- Sales of Ground Alum reported at \$1.90a\$2, and Marshall's fine at \$2.90a\$3. Mar-Sugars.-Market firm for all grades. We quote:

ern lard remains nominal at 22 cents, and Bal-

Cuba and E. I. com. to good refining\$11.75a\$12.00 " prime to grocery... 12.50a 13.25

Porto Rico com. to good grocery. 12.60a 13.00

" prime to choice grocery 14.00a 15.00

Whisky—Market firmer, \$2.16 being demand ed for Western .- Balt. Clipper.

THE VERDICT IN THE MARY HARRIS TRIAL. The verdict only furnishes a new illustration of what must be regarded as a settled principle in American law—that any woman who considers herself aggrieved in any way by a member of the other sex, may kill him with impunity, and with an assured immunity from the prescribed penalties of law. The man may really have been guilty neither of a crime against her person, an assault upon her honor, nor an offence against her feelings; if she is seized by a fancy that his course of conduct toward her is not such as she had anticipated from his addresses, she may kill him upon notice or without notice. If a man is murdered by a member of the opposite sex in any of the cases supposed, or in almost any supposable case whatever, she is almost certain to escape, not only the extreme penalty of the law, but

any penalty whatever. It were useless to find fault with this state of things It is peculiar to America, and people in general are decidedly proud of it. There is no reason in the nature of things why criminals of one sex should be treated with such exceptional and dubious honor; but who shall argue with the feelings of a jury, backed up by public sentiment and by custom? It is well enough, however, that every man should always bear the fact in mind, so that he may on. all occasions so comport himself in the presence of the sex as never to give any of them either a real or fanciful pretext for taking him off un-

timely .- N. Y. Times. MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE OLD DOMINION .-- A large number of the stockholders of this Bank assembled in general meeting at Liberty Hall this morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. Robert H. Miller was elected Chairman, and Mr. Wm. H. Lambert Secretary. A committee on proxies was appointed, who reported a majority of the stock present. Mr. Lambert made a statement of the condition of the mother Bank of Alexandria, which was considered by the stockholders as being quite favorable under the circumstances. The notes of the mother Bank in circulation. amount to less than \$20,000, while those of the Branch at Pearisburg in circulation amount to \$294,000. There is in the treasury at Richmond, of the Banks, of stocks and State securities, \$374,000, and in the Bank here notes of other Banks amounting to 586,000, and bills receivable (protested), amounting to \$220,000, worth about \$1000. The real estate belonging to the Bank is put down at \$23,500 .- Alexndria Journ-

DEATH OF A STEAMBOAT CAPTAIN .- Capt. George W. Weems, for many years connected with the well-known line of steamers running from Baltimore to the Patuxent river, Fair Haven and Plum Point, died yesterday, at his residence in Baltimore. The deceased was the youngest son of Capt. George Weems, the pioneer steamboat man of the Chesapeake Bay and its adjacent waters. The latter built and run the steamboat Eagle, the first boat on these waters, and afterwards the steamboat Patux-ent and others. The deceased was well-known throughout the State.

The New York Citizen says Gen. Dix is relieved of his command at his urgent and repeated request, being anxious to devote himself to the Pacific Railroad Company, of which he is President, and to give his attention as early as possible to the affairs of his private fortune, which has been neglected during the severe labors of his military life.

The sale of naval vessels at New York last week, netted the Government \$100,000 more than the vessels were appraised at. Another large sale will be made at Philadelphia during the first week in August. The aggregate amount received from sales of vessels.

sels to date is about \$1,250,000. teachers have just been fixed thus: Superintendent, \$1,800 a year; principals of grammar schools, \$1,356; principal of the male high school, \$2,000; principal of the female high school, \$2,000. Assistant teachers receive from \$350 to \$800.

su, orders for them to return to their masters, under pain of being arrested as vagabonds, but assuring them that he will certainly protect them in all contracts they make for their

Martha's Vineyard has been bought for twelve hundred dollars by a camp-meeting associa-

ny na notion to stoots of Ten antica continue of the south of

Such a large number of negroes have ac-ulated at Memphis as to compel General ason, Superintendent of Freedmen, to is-